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STEIN, MCEWEN & BUI, LLP			LERNER, MARTIN		
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		09/736,160	HEO ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Martin Lerner	2654			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication apor Reply	opears on the cover sheet with the o	correspondence address			
THE - Exte after - If the - If NO - Failt Any	MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION mains of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. e period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period are to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by stature to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by staturely received by the Office later than three months after the mailing patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tirply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day if will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from te, cause the application to become ABANDONE	mely filed ys will be considered timely. n the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1)[\]	1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 29 April 2005.					
2a)□	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ Thi	is action is non-final.				
3)	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposit	ion of Claims					
 4) Claim(s) 1 to 39 and 41 to 51 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) 9 to 15, 24 to 29, 34 to 39, 41 to 47, and 50 is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1 to 8, 16 to 23, 30 to 33, 48, 49, and 51 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. 						
Applicat	ion Papers					
9)[The specification is objected to by the Examin	er.				
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
11)	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the E		• •			
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12)⊠ a)l	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Burea	nts have been received. Its have been received in Applicationity documents have been received in Application (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage			
* 9	See the attached detailed Office action for a lis	t of the certified copies not receive	ed.			
Attachmen	t(s)					
1) 🛛 Notic	e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)			
	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da				
	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 r No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:	aten Application (PTO-192)			

DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

Applicants' election with traverse of Group I, Claims 1 to 8, 16 to 23, 30 to 33, 48, 49, and 51 in the reply filed on 29 April 2005 is acknowledged. The traversal is on the grounds that the inventions are closely related, no references are cited to show any necessity for requiring restriction, and evaluation of all sets of claims would not provide an undue burden. This is not found persuasive for the following reasons.

Firstly, Groups I to IV present divergent claim limitations, and are not so closely related that examination of all claims is proper. The claims generally concern limitations to a recording medium having data packs for recording audio information, recording methods for recording audio information in data packs, reproducing methods for reproducing audio information in data packs, recording apparatus for recording audio information in data packs, and reproducing apparatus for reproducing audio information in data packs. However, the claimed structure of the audio packs differs among the independent claims of Groups I to IV. There are no generic claims. Thus, restriction is proper because there are lines of patentable distinctness between Groups I to IV.

Secondly, there is no requirement to cite references showing a necessity for restriction, as contended by Applicants.

Thirdly, there would be a substantial burden if all of the claims were examined together. Each independent claim presents a quite different combination of elements, and there are eleven independent claims. An evaluation of patentability would require

searching and applying different references for each of Groups I to IV. A determination of patentability for individual claims would be rendered difficult if all claims were examined together. There are a multiplicity of claims and a multiplicity of issues to be considered for each of Groups I to IV. Thus, there would be a substantial burden if all of the claims were examined together.

Claims 9 to 15, 24 to 29, 34 to 39, 41 to 47, and 50 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to nonelected inventions, there being no allowable generic or linking claim. Applicants timely traversed the restriction requirement in the reply filed on 29 April 2005.

This application contains claims 9 to 15, 24 to 29, 34 to 39, 41 to 47, and 50 drawn to an invention nonelected with traverse in the reply filed on 29 April 2005. A complete reply to the final rejection must include cancellation of nonelected claims or other appropriate action (37 CFR 1.144) See MPEP § 821.01.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 1 to 8, 16 to 23, 30 to 33, 48, 49, and 51 are rejected under 35

U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement.

The claims contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such

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a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventors, at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention.

Each of independent claims 1, 16, 30, 48, and 51 contains the amended limitations "the predetermined position being a same position in each of the recording units relative to a beginning of the recording unit and is independent of whether the recording unit including the data pack also includes the additional data" or "disposed at a predetermined position in each of the recording units, the predetermined position independent of whether the additional data is recorded in the recording unit." These limitations represent new matter. There is not any express or implied support for these limitations in the originally filed Specification. Applicants' Specification discloses data packs disposed in predetermined positions. However, the Specification does not say that the position is "relative to a beginning of the recording unit" or that the position is "independent of whether the recording unit . . . also includes the additional data."

Neither a position relative to a beginning of the recording unit or an independency between a position of a recording unit and additional data is disclosed by the originally filed Specification. Thus, these limitations involve new matter.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

⁽e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the

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applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 1 to 7, 16 to 22, 48, and 49 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by *Tanaka et al.*

Regarding independent claim 1, *Tanaka et al.* discloses a recording medium, comprising:

"predetermined recording units, each recording unit having audio data recorded"

– cells N ("predetermined recording units") have audio streams recorded in audio packs

A ("audio data recorded") (column 17, lines 22 to 25: Figures 13, 19, 48, and 49);

"data packs designated to store additional data relating to the audio data, each of the data packs being recorded in a predetermined location in corresponding ones of the recording units of the audio data, the predetermined position being a same position in each of the recording units relative to a beginning of the recording unit and is independent of whether the recording unit including the data pack also includes the additional data" – the first pack in each ACB unit ACBU is an audio control pack A-CONT; an audio control pack A-CONT in each ACB unit ABCU in a DVD-Audio is located at a place corresponding to a third pack in a VCB unit VCBU (column 17, lines 22 to 37: Figures 13, 19, 48, and 49); a control audio pack A-CONT is a data pack "designated to store additional data related to the audio data"; an audio control pack A-CONT has headers, audio character display (ACD) information, audio search data (ASD), and substream identification information (column 18, lines 11 to 22: Figure 15); A-CONT control packs are placed in a first or third position of an ACBU or VCBU, which

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is a "predetermined position being the same position in each of the recording units relative to a beginning of the recording unit"; also, there is no dependency of position with respect to whether A-CONT control packs contain data or no data (e.g. are empty), so the position is "independent of whether the recording unit . . . also includes the additional data", implicitly.

Regarding independent claim 16, *Tanaka et al.* discloses a reproducing method, further comprising:

"reading data from the recording medium in units of the recording units" – a player operates on a DVD-Audio 1; drive unit 2 reads out a signal from the DVD-Audio 1 (column 57, lines 1 to 28: Figure 94);

"reproducing the audio data and the additional data recorded in the read recording units, after relating the additional data to the audio data the additional data recording in the predetermined position" – drive unit 2 includes a demodulator, and outputs the demodulation-resultant signal to the reproduced signal processing unit 17 as a reproduced signal (column 57, lines 22 to 28: Figure 94); reproduced information includes real-time information as audio character display (ACD) information ("reproducing . . . the additional data"), which is related to the audio data (column 58, lines 21 to 34: Figure 94).

Regarding independent claim 48, *Tanaka et al.* discloses a reproducing method, further comprising:

"demultiplexing the predetermined units to separate the audio data from data packs having the additional data" – the reproduced signal processor circuit 17 includes an audio and RTI pack detector 9 which receives the reproduced signal from the drive unit 2, and detects audio packs A and real-time information packs RTI in the reproduced signal (column 57, line 58 to column 58, line 34: Figure 94); real-time information packs RTI are "data packs having additional data"; still-picture detector 3 detects video packs V and still-picture packs SPCT, and audio and RTI detector 9 detects audio packs A and RTI packs; implicitly, detecting still picture, video, audio, and RTI packs involves "demultiplexing the predetermined units to separate the audio data from data packs having additional data" (column 57, lines 29 to 67: Figure 94).

Regarding claims 2 and 17, *Tanaka et al.* discloses audio packs A and audio control packs A-CONT in each ACB unit ACBU (column 17, lines 22 to 25: Figures 13, 19, 48, and 49); audio packs A have recorded audio data, and audio control packs A-CONT are recorded separately with audio control information.

Regarding claims 3 and 18, *Tanaka et al.* discloses audio packs A and audio control packs A-CONT in each ACB unit ACBU (column 17, lines 22 to 25: Figures 13, 19, 48, and 49); audio control packs A-CONT do not contain any audio data that is reproduced, as audio control packs A-CONT contain only control information; control data need not be audibly or visually reproduced, so it is "additional data" that "does not have . . . to be reproduced" with audio data from audio packs A.

Regarding claims 4, 5, 19, and 20, *Tanaka et al.* discloses that control data may be real-time information, so audio control packs A-CONT correspond to real-time information packs RTI (column 57, line 58 to column 58, line 34: Figure 94); real-time information includes audio character display (ACD) information, which is displayed (column 58, lines 21 to 34); audio character display (ACD) information is text describing a tune name (column 18, lines 11 to 39: Figures 15 and 16); audio search data (ASD) synchronizes a present time to an absolute time of a related title (column 18, lines 11 to 39: Figures 15 and 16; column 19, lines 11 to 35: Figure 18).

Regarding claims 6 and 21, *Tanaka et al.* discloses each audio control pack A-CONT stores managing information representing a title and a play time (column 20, lines 10 to 19); audio search data (ASD) has playback time of a related track and an absolute time of the related title (column 19, lines 11 to 35: Figure 18); real-time information is read from real-time information packs RTI to display audio character display information (column 58, lines 21 to 34), thus, titles are displayed as text when recording units corresponding to the titles are played.

Regarding claims 7 and 22, *Tanaka et al.* discloses that control data may be real-time information, so audio control packs A-CONT correspond to real-time information packs RTI (column 57, line 58 to column 58, line 34: Figure 94); each ACBU or VCBU has a plurality of audio packs A ("each recording unit has a plurality of audio packs") (Figures 13, 19, 48, and 49); an audio control pack A-CONT is located in a first position in each ACBU (Figures 13, 19, 48, and 49).

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Regarding claim 49, *Tanaka et al.* discloses the reproduced signal processor circuit 17 includes an audio and RTI pack detector 9 which receives the reproduced signal from the drive unit 2, and detects audio packs A and real-time information packs RTI in the reproduced signal (column 57, line 58 to column 58, line 34: Figure 94); thus, RTI packs (or audio control packs A-CONT) are separated from audio packs A for processing.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 8, 23, 30 to 33 and 51 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over *Tanaka et al.* in view of *Ema et al.*

Concerning independent claims 30 and 51, *Tanaka et al.* discloses a reproducing apparatus with an audio signal processor and an RTI signal processor (Figure 94), but does not expressly show all the structural details for a reproducing apparatus.

However, *Ema et al.* discloses a reproducing apparatus further comprising:

"a reproducing controller reading an audio object (AOBU) which is one of the recording units" – system controller 100 provides control signals for controlling an audio reproducing process (column 9, lines 22 to 45: Figure 4);

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"a demultiplexor demultiplexing an audio pack in which audio data is recorded and an RTI pack in which additional data is recorded, from the read AOBU" – demultiplexer 86 extracts audio packs 230 and RTI packs 231; RTI packs 231 contain RTI data (including text information, tempo information 53 and beat information 54) (column 9, lines 22 to 46: Figures 1 and 4);

"an audio signal processor decoding the audio pack demultiplexed by the demultiplexor to output the audio data stored in the audio pack" – audio decoder 93 decodes audio information from audio packs 230 (column 9, lines 22 to 46: Figures 1 and 4);

"an RTI signal processor decoding the RTI pack demultiplexed by the demultiplexer to output additional data stored in the RTI pack in relation to the audio data from the audio pack" – RTI decoder 96 decodes RTI data output from demultiplexer 86 to provide beat information (column 9, lines 22 to 46: Figures 1 and 4).

Concerning independent claims 30 and 51, one skilled in the art would know that still picture, video detector pack 3A and audio, RTI pack detector 9 are equivalent to a demultiplexor, and control unit 23 is equivalent to a reproducing controller in *Tanaka et al.* (Figure 94) However, *Ema et al.* teaches a related apparatus and method of reproducing music together with information representing beat of music, where a reproducing apparatus enables generation of a signal representing tempo of music. (Column 5, Lines 3 to 8) It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to include the elements of an audio reproducing processor as taught by *Ema et al.* in

the signal processing apparatus of *Tanaka et al.* for the purpose of reproducing beat information for music.

Concerning claims 8, 23, and 33, *Tanaka et al.* discloses that an audio control pack A-CONT, corresponding to a real-time information (RTI) pack is in a first location with respect to an ACBU, but in a third position with respect to a VCBU. (Figures 13 and 48) Thus, embodiments are disclosed where an A-CONT pack or an RTI pack is offset by two units from a cell head. It is a matter of design choice exactly where an A-CONT pack or RTI pack is located in a cell N. *Tanaka et al.* suggests an A-CONT pack may be located at a first or third position for each cell, but does not expressly disclose placing an A-CONT pack in a second position. However, variable offset would be an obvious expedient of design choice, in the absence of unexpected results. The most logical place to put a control pack would be in a first position, but as *Tanaka et al.* also suggests putting a control pack in a third position, it would be an obvious expedient to place a control pack in a second position, as a matter of design choice, in the absence of unexpected results.

Concerning claim 31, *Tanaka et al.* discloses each audio control pack A-CONT stores managing information representing a title and a play time (column 20, lines 10 to 19); audio search data (ASD) has playback time of a related track and an absolute time of the related title (column 19, lines 11 to 35: Figure 18); real-time information is read from real-time information packs RTI to display audio character display information (column 58, lines 21 to 34), thus, titles are displayed as text when recording units corresponding to the titles are played.

Concerning claim 32, *Tanaka et al.* discloses that control data may be real-time information, so audio control packs A-CONT correspond to real-time information packs RTI (column 57, line 58 to column 58, line 34: Figure 94); each ACBU or VCBU has a plurality of audio packs A (Figures 13, 19, 48, and 49); an audio control pack A-CONT is located in a first position in each ACBU (Figures 13, 19, 48, and 49).

Response to Arguments

Applicants' arguments filed 23 November 2004 have been considered but are most in view of the new grounds of rejection.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Martin Lerner whose telephone number is (571) 272-7608. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30 AM to 6:00 PM Monday to Thursday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Richemond Dorvil can be reached on (571) 272-7602. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR.

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ML 6/22/05

Martin Lerner

Examiner

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